

2025 CHINA CONSTRUCTION BANK
**GREEN, SOCIAL, SUSTAINABILITY AND
SUSTAINABILITY-LINKED BONDS
ANNUAL REPORT**



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Since 2018, China Construction Bank Corporation (hereinafter referred to as “CCB” or the “Bank”)

issued 15 green bonds (including blue bonds), 1 sustainability bond and 1 sustainability-linked bond. As stated in the *China Construction Bank Green, Social, Sustainability and Sustainability-Linked Bond Framework* (hereinafter referred to as “*Framework*”), the Bank hereby provide Green, Social, Sustainability and Sustainability-Linked Bonds (hereinafter referred to as “GSSS bonds”) Annual Report, disclosing the allocation of the proceeds of GSSS bonds as well as the environmental and/or social impacts of the eligible projects as of 31 December 2025.



1. Green, Social, Sustainability and Sustainability-Linked Bonds Issued by the End of 2025

Bonds	Hong Kong Branch 2018 Sustainability Bond		Luxemburg Branch 2018 Green Bond	
ISIN	XS1880301228		XS1877506367	
Issue Date	17/9/2018 (Expired)		17/9/2018 (Expired)	
Maturity (year)	3		3	
Size	USD 1,000,000,000		EUR 500,000,000	
External review	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP		Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP	
CBI certification	/		Obtained the Climate Bond Certification on 5 September 2018	

Bonds	Hong Kong Branch 2019 Green Bond	Luxembourg Branch 2019 Green Bond	Hong Kong Branch 2020 Green Bond	
ISIN	XS2066780466	XS2066776274	XS2208843503	XS2208844493
Issue Date	15/10/2019(Expired)	15/10/2019(Expired)	28/7/2020(Expired)	
Maturity (year)	3	3	3	5
Size	USD 1,000,000,000	EUR 500,000,000	USD 500,000,000	USD 700,000,000
External review	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP	
CBI certification	Obtained the Climate Bond Certification on 11 October 2019	Obtained the Climate Bond Certification on 11 October 2019	Obtained the Climate Bond Certification on 21 July 2020	

Bonds	Hong Kong Branch 2021 Sustainability-Linked Bond		Luxemburg Branch 2021 Green Bond
ISIN	XS2331713011	XS2331713102	XS2331604079
Issue Date	15/4/2021(Expired)	15/4/2021	15/4/2021(Expired)
Maturity (year)	3	5	3
Size	USD 600,000,000	USD 550,000,000	EUR 800,000,000
External review	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP		Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP
CBI certification	/		/

Bonds	Macau Branch USD Floating Rate Senior Green 2021	
ISIN	XS2422720305	
Issue Date	21/12/2021 (Expired)	
Maturity (year)	3	
Size	USD 500,000,000	
External review	CECER Hundred Technical Service (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	
CBI certification	/	

Bonds	London Branch 2022 Green Bond	
ISIN	HK0000849247	XS2479371028
Issue Date	10/5/2022(Expired)	10/5/2022(Expired)
Maturity (year)	2	3
Size	CNY 1,000,000,000	USD 1,000,000,000
External review	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP
CBI certification	/	/

Bonds	London Branch 2023 Green Bond	Sydney Branch 2023 Biodiversity Themed Green Bond
ISIN	HK0000929262	XS2623522930
Issue Date	23/5/2023(Expired)	23/5/2023
Maturity (year)	2	3
Size	CNY 2,000,000,000	USD 500,000,000
External review	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP
CBI certification	/	/

Bonds	DIFC Branch 2023 Green Bond	Luxembourg Branch 2023 Green Bond	Hong Kong Branch 2023 Green Bond
ISIN	XS2723153883	XS2723150517	XS2723146325
Issue Date	22/11/2023	22/11/2023	22/11/2023
Maturity (year)	3	3	3
Size	USD 600,000,000	EUR 300,000,000	USD 500,000,000
External review	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP
CBI certification	/	/	/

Bonds	London Branch 2024 Blue Bond	Hong Kong Branch 2024 Green Bond
ISIN	XS2858459477	HK0001037875
Issue Date	9/7/2024	9/7/2024
Maturity (year)	3	3
Size	CNY 2,000,000,000	USD 1,000,000,000
External review	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP
CBI certification	/	/

Bonds	London Branch 2025 Green Bond		
ISIN	XS3170555794	XS3170556768	HK0001186169
Issue Date	4/9/2025	4/9/2025	4/9/2025
Maturity (year)	3	5	3
Size	USD 1,000,000,000	USD 500,000,000	CNY 2,000,000,000
External review	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP	Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP
CBI certification	/	/	/



2.1 Introduction of China Construction Bank and its Sustainable Development Strategy

China Construction Bank Corporation (“the Bank”, “CCB”), headquartered in Beijing, is a leading large-scale commercial bank in China. Its predecessor, People's Construction Bank of China, was established in October 1954. It was listed on Hong Kong Stock Exchange in October 2005 (stock code: 939) and the Shanghai Stock Exchange in September 2007 (stock code: 601939). The Bank provides customers with comprehensive financial services, including corporate finance business, personal finance business and treasury and asset management business. The Bank has subsidiaries in various sectors, including fund management, financial leasing, trust, insurance, futures, pension and investment banking. The Bank also has nearly 200 overseas entities covering 31 countries and regions.

With the vision of “striving to become a world-leading sustainable development bank”, the Bank implements the new development concept in a complete and accurate manner, unswervingly follows the path of financial development with Chinese characteristics, pushes forward the New Finance Initiative, and fully integrates environmental, social, and governance (ESG) elements into strategic decision-making and operating management. The Bank continues to improve the long-term mechanism for green development, expands the coverage of financial services, serves the society and people’s well-being, and promotes high-quality and sustainable economic and social development.

2.2 Framework Overview

The GSSS Bond Framework of China Construction Bank (the “Framework”) provides guidelines for all domestic and overseas branches and subsidiaries of China Construction Bank (the “Bank”) to issue GSSS bonds, i.e. green bonds (including blue bonds), social bonds, sustainability bonds and sustainability-linked bonds, for the financing or refinancing of eligible assets/projects, so as to fulfil CCB’s strategies of corporate social responsibility to serve the public, promote livelihoods, and become a low-carbon and environmental friendly bank for sustainable development.

2.3 Green, Social and Sustainability (“GSS”) Bonds

The issuance of green bonds, social bonds and sustainability bonds under this Framework will be in alignment with the Green Bond Principles, the Social Bond Principles and the Sustainability Bond Guidelines published by the International Capital Market Association (ICMA) respectively. The issuance of blue bonds will be in alignment with Bonds to Finance the Sustainable Blue Economy published by The International Capital Market Association (ICMA) together with the International Finance Corporation (IFC) – a member of the World

Bank Group, United Nations Global Compact (UN Global Compact), United Nations Environment Programme Finance Initiative (UNEP FI), and the Asian Development Bank (ADB). Green projects located in Mainland China are in alignment with the Green Bond Endorsed Project Catalogue⁵ issued by the Green Finance Committee of the People's Bank of China (PBoC) and other industrial criteria issued by relevant authorities. For each Green, Social and Sustainability bond, the following key principles will be adopted:

- I. Use of Proceeds
- II. Process for Project Evaluation and Selection
- III. Management of Proceeds, and
- IV. Reporting



2.3.1 Use of Proceeds




The net proceeds from Green, Social and Sustainability ("GSS") bonds issued under this Framework will be earmarked for the financing and/or refinancing of the following eligible assets or projects.


- The net proceeds from green bonds will be allocated to Green Eligible Categories
- The net proceeds from social bonds will be allocated to Social Eligible Categories
- The net proceeds from sustainability bonds will be allocated to Green Eligible Categories and Social Eligible Categories






Specific themes, including but not limited to blue, could be added to bond transactions based on eligible green projects and eligible social projects. The net proceeds from blue bonds will be allocated to blue categorised Green Eligible Categories.

Green Eligible Categories









Green Bond Principles Categories	Sustainable Development Goals Categories	Eligibility Criteria
<p>Renewable Energy</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Production and transmission of renewable energy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Examples include wind power, photovoltaic power, solar thermal utilization, hydropower(run-of-river hydropower and no artificial reservoir; or life-cycle GHG emissions threshold < 100gCO₂e/kWh or power density of electricity generation facilities > 5 W/m²), biomass energy, renewable energy promotion projects and the utilizations of other renewable energy (the utilizations of geothermal energy with life cycle GHG emissions below 100g CO₂e/kWh), ocean energy, air source heat energy and other renewable energy sources) • Infrastructure construction related to renewable energy, such as land development, construction of transport networks and base stations <p><u>Blue criteria</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Projects that increase contribution of marine and offshore renewable energy to energy mix and renewable energy projects while safeguarding the marine environment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Offshore wind (both fixed and floating installations) - Wave - Tidal - Floating solar - Ocean thermal energy conversion
<p>Energy Efficiency</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Energy saving and emission reduction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Examples include industrial energy conservation, energy management centres, urban-rural infrastructure construction with energy saving and emission reduction, reduction of pollutants - Examples include smart grids, energy internet, distributed energy infrastructure



<p>Pollution Prevention and Control and Waste Management</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pollution prevention and environmental restoration projects <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Examples include industrial solid waste and waste gas (liquid) recycle and resource utilization, recycling and reprocessing of renewable resources, recycling of biomass resources, soil remediation and decontamination of hazardous sewage <p><u>Blue criteria</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Projects that prevent, control, and reduce waste from entering the coastal and marine environments <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Resource efficiency and circular economy (waste prevention and reduction) - Solid waste management projects within 50km of the coast or a river that drains to the ocean - Non-point source pollution management: projects must be within 200km of the coast or within 50km of rivers (and their tributaries) that flow to the ocean
<p>Clean Transportation</p>	 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rolling stocks and public transport vehicles <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Purchase and maintenance of rolling stocks for express railway, metro, light railway and urban railway which use only electricity - Purchase of electric buses and trolleys • Public rail infrastructure <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Construction and maintenance of tracks - Modernisation, maintenance and upgrades to electric line networks • Associated rail infrastructures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Maintenance and upgrade of communication systems, signal systems, ventilation and drainage systems - Upgrades of lighting systems, such as installing LED lightings • Maintenance of public transport system's operation sites, BRT systems, and waterway regulation, etc. <p><u>Blue criteria</u></p>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Projects that increase environmental performance and sustainability of port functions and infrastructure • Projects that involve increasing environmental performance and sustainability of maritime transportation.
<p>Sustainable Water and Wastewater Management</p>	 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Water saving and the use of unconventional water, such as industrial water-saving technology transformation, agriculture and animal husbandry water-saving irrigation project, seawater desalination, etc. • Construction and maintenance of sustainable clean water and/or drinking water infrastructure, such as the construction and maintenance of urban water networks, etc. • Sewage treatment and recycling, comprehensive treatment of river basin, water pollution treatment and decontamination of hazardous waste water, etc. • Flood control and disaster contingency works, including flood basin works, construction of embankments for major rivers and river channel treatment, etc. <p><u>Blue criteria</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Projects that prevent, control, and reduce waste from entering the coastal and marine environments <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Wastewater management projects within 100km of the coast
<p>Green Buildings</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Energy-efficient modification of new/existing buildings that meet the following criteria: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Chinese Green Building Evaluation Label - 2 Star or above - U.S. Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) – Silver or above - Building Research Establishment Environmental Assessment Method (BREEAM) – Very Good or above - Other equivalent international standards

<p>Environmentally Sustainable Management of Living Natural Resources and Land Resources</p>	  	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ecological protection, ecological restoration, vegetation protection, certified ecological agriculture, husbandry and fishery, sustainable forestry development, etc. <p><u>Blue criteria</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Development of blue economy, i.e. certified sustainable fishery management programme, population reconstruction and ecological value chain improvement, etc.
<p>Terrestrial and Aquatic Biodiversity Conservation</p>		<p><u>Blue criteria</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environmental protection, treatment and restoration in relation to the sea, coastlines and coastal areas, such as reservoir renovation, reserve construction, vegetation restoration and shoreline erosion prevention facilities, etc. in coastal areas Marine biodiversity protection, such as fisheries enhancement and release of eggs, larvae or adults of aquatic animals into the ocean to restore or increase population, improve and optimise the aquatic biological community structure, construct and operate aquafarm Projects must be within the marine environment or within 100 km of the coast
<p>Climate Change Adaptation</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Projects that increase the resilience of ecosystems, including communities, climate observation and early warning systems, systems and infrastructure for anticipated wind speeds, heavy rains and increased temperature <p><u>Blue criteria</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Projects within 50 km of the coast or within the marine environment that support ecological and community resilience and adaptation to climate change including water resilient infrastructure and bridges to address higher levels of flooding

Social Eligible Categories

Social Bond Principles Categories	Sustainable Development Goals Categories	Eligibility Criteria
<p>Employment Generation through the Potential Effect of SME Financing and Microfinance</p>	    	<p>Loans relating to Inclusive Finance:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enterprises <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SMEs are defined by China's National Development and Reform Commission, Ministry of Industry and Information Technology, Ministry of Commerce, and National Bureau of Statistics • Individuals <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Operation loans for business owned by individuals - Operation loans for SMEs - Operation loans for farmers - Entrepreneurship guarantee (for laid-off workers) loans - Consumption loans to registered poverty-stricken populations - Poverty alleviation loans - Loans to Agriculture, Rural Areas and Farmers, etc.
<p>Affordable Basic Infrastructure</p>	  	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indemnificatory housing programme such as public rental housing • Basic rural living facilities, such as rural biogas, development of power grids in rural area, rural garbage collection and treatment, etc.

<p>Access to Essential Services (Including Health, Education, Career Training, and Health care)</p>	 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Education infrastructure construction • Medical infrastructure construction • Career training loan
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CCB will identify the relevant target population(s) of the Social Projects, and that the definition of the target population may vary depending on the local contexts and that, in some cases, such target population(s) may also be served by addressing the general public. Examples of target populations include, but not limited to, those that are:

- Living below the poverty line
- Undereducated
- People with disabilities
- Underserved, owing to a lack of quality access to essential goods and services
- Unemployed and/or workers affected by climate transition
- Women
- Aging populations
- Vulnerable youth
- Other vulnerable groups as defined by national government or local authorities

2.3.2 Exclusions

The following sectors will be excluded from Green and Social Eligible Categories:

- Sectors which are prohibited by laws and regulation in China, such as gambling industry, adult entertainment, child labour and corporations involved in illegal activities
- Luxury sectors such as precious metals, precious artworks & antiques, golf course services
- Distillation, rectification and mixed alcoholic beverages
- Production of tobacco and tobacco products
- Hydro power with installed capacity >20MW
- Biomass which is suitable for food source
- Mining, quarrying and fossil fuels related assets
- Nuclear fuels
- Weapons and ammunitions

- Companies or activities involved in the production, distribution or storage of hazardous chemicals and radioactive substances

2.3.3 Project Evaluation and Selection

The Bank will follow the procedures below to evaluate and select potential eligible projects:

<p><i>Preliminary Screening</i></p>	<p>The Bank established a “GSS Bond Working Group” (“GSSBWG”) to review the preliminary list of Green, Social and/or specific theme Projects proposed by the business lines and domestic branches of CCB. The GSSBWG will select the Eligible Green Projects and Eligible Social Projects that meet the Eligibility Criteria in the Use of Proceeds section under the GSSS Bond Framework of China Construction Bank, and best reflect the characteristics of CCB, by considering the following factors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whether the technology used in Green Projects is more advanced than other available technologies • The pre and post certification for the Green Projects • Whether the Social Projects provide clear social benefits • Whether the Green Projects and Social Projects comply with the development policy and strategy of CCB • Whether the characteristics of CCB are reflected by the Green Projects and Social Projects <p>If a project is identified as Eligible Project under the GSSS Bond Framework of China Construction Bank by the GSSBWG, the project will be “marked” as Eligible Green Project or Eligible Social Project.</p>
<p><i>Establishing Project List</i></p>	<p>A list of projects financed by “GSS bonds” is established to facilitate bond duration management. The GSSBWG is responsible for the bookkeeping and tracking of eligible projects and for ensuring all information is true and accurate in the process.</p>
<p><i>Update and Maintenance</i></p>	<p>The GSSBWG reviews the allocation of funds raised by GSS bonds annually to ensure appropriate allocation to Eligible Green and Social Projects, and to assist with the preparation for disclosures in annual reports.</p>

2.3.4 Management of Proceeds

<p>Management of Separate Register</p>	<p>The proceeds of each bond will be deposited in the general funding accounts. CCB will maintain a register to keep track of the use of proceeds from each bond. The register will contain the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type of Funding Transaction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Key information includes transaction date, (net) amount of proceeds, maturity date, coupon, type of bond, pricing date and the ISIN number. • Allocation of proceeds <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Name and description of Eligible Projects to which the proceeds of GSS bonds have been allocated in accordance with the Framework - Allocation of the proceeds from GSS bonds to Eligible Projects - The balance of unallocated proceeds - Use of unallocated proceeds
<p>Use of Unallocated Proceeds</p>	<p>Any balance of issuance proceeds which are not yet allocated to Eligible Green and Social Projects will be held in accordance with CCB's normal liquidity management policy. CCB undertakes not to invest unallocated proceeds in sectors set out in Exclusions.</p>

2.3.5 Reporting

CCB will publish reports on the use of proceeds from the issuance of GSS bonds on an annual basis on the official website of the Bank. The report will contain information on allocation and environmental and/or social impacts.

2.4 Sustainability-Linked Bonds (SLBs)

The issuance of sustainability-linked bonds (SLB) under this Framework shall be in line with ICMA's Sustainability-Linked Bond Principles (SLBP), including the following specific requirements:

2.4.1 Selection of Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

When issuing each SLB, CCB will define the KPIs which will be selected according to CCB's prevailing sustainable development strategy. CCB endeavours to select Environmental and/or Social KPIs which are included in sustainability reports and/or annual reports and verified externally for three consecutive years.

2.4.2 Calibration of Sustainability Performance Targets (SPTs)

CCB will calibrate the selected SPTs in terms of their consistency with CCB's sustainable development strategy, plans to meet the SPTs, relevant controls, critical factors, and force majeure.

2.4.3 Bond Characteristics

CCB will describe the variation of the financial and/or structural characteristics to be triggered by the failure to meet the predefined SPT(s) for KPI(s) in the offering documents.

2.4.4 Reporting

CCB will publish reports on SLBs, which will include the following information:

- transaction details, including transaction date, (net) amount of proceeds, maturity date, coupon, type of bond, pricing date and the ISIN number
- up-to-date information on the performance of the selected KPIs, including baselines where relevant
- any information enabling investors to monitor the ambition level of the SPTs

The Sustainability-Linked Bond Report will be updated annually and published on CCB's website (www.ccb.com).

2.4.5 Verification

CCB will engage an independent third party to independently verify its performance level against each SPT for each KPI, at least once a year since the bond is issued. The relevant report will be published on CCB's website (www.ccb.com).

2.5 External Review

CCB will obtain an external review of all GSS bonds from a third party which has environmental and social benefit review expertise and audit qualification. External review will cover pre-issuance assurance, post-issuance assurance and assurance report of independent accountants on use of proceeds annually. External review results will be available at (www.ccb.com).



3. Allocation of Proceeds from GSS Bonds

3.1 Allocation Overview

As of 31 December 2025, the total net proceeds of CNY **35.75** billion raised by GSS bonds were fully allocated to eligible green projects.

✓ Total net proceeds raised	equivalent CNY 35.75 billion
✓ Allocated amount	equivalent CNY 35.75 billion
✓ Unallocated proceeds	CNY 0 billion

3.2 Category Breakdown

The eligible green projects fall into 5 categories including renewable energy, clean transportation, terrestrial and aquatic biodiversity conservation, sustainable water and wastewater management, environmentally sustainable management of living natural resources and land resources, with detailed information presented as below:

Number of Projects	Category	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Proportion
26	<i>Renewable energy</i>	15,658.87	43.81%
11	<i>Clean transportation</i>	14,409.89	40.31%
8	<i>Terrestrial and aquatic biodiversity conservation</i>	2,352.30	6.58%
6	<i>Sustainable water and wastewater management</i>	2,088.59	5.84%
3	<i>Environmentally sustainable management of living natural resources and land resources</i>	1,236.00	3.46%

3.3 Location Breakdown

Number of Projects	Location	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Proportion
14	<i>Eastern China</i>	12,732.25	35.62%
10	<i>Southern China</i>	8,147.09	22.79%
11	<i>Northern China</i>	5,595.56	15.65%
7	<i>Northwest China</i>	5,127.94	14.35%
10	<i>Central China</i>	3,328.74	9.31%
2	<i>Southwest China</i>	814.07	2.28%



4. Environmental and Social Impacts of GSS Bonds

Due to the considerations of confidentiality for our loan clients, the impact results of the eligible projects are disclosed on a portfolio basis. For the year ended 31 December 2025, the eligible green projects helped to:

✓	reduce a total CO ₂ emission of 3,801,349 tons, including 3,681,684 tons for renewable energy projects ¹ and 119,665 tons for clean transportation projects ²
✓	river regulation length 27 km, river channel cleaning 4 million square meters, and sewage treatment capacity 76,282,582 tons.
✓	annual electricity generation ³ of 4,958,815 MWh, added renewable energy capacity ⁴ of 2,016 MW for energy projects.
✓	construction of ecological scenic spots 176 million square meters, managing ecological forest 38,782 million square meters, rehabilitating 362 kilometers of river, and afforestation construction 2,713 million square meters.

¹ The environmental impact is calculated based on the UNFCCC CDM methodology ACM 0002 Grid-connected electricity generation from renewable sources.

² The environmental impact is calculated based on ACM0016 Mass rapid transit projects and Green credit project energy-saving emission reduction measurement guidelines.

³ Annual generation is the sum of electricity supplied to local grid from all renewable projects funded.

⁴ Renewable energy capacity added is sum of capacity add for all renewable projects funded.



Appendix I: Hong Kong Branch's 2021 Sustainability-Linked Bond

On 15 April 2021 CCB Hong Kong Branch issued sustainability-linked bond. As of 31 December 2025, the KPI reached the sustainability performance targets (SPT).

Table I -1 Detailed Information

ISIN Code	Maturity (year)	Coupon Type	Amount (USD million)	Net Amount (USD million)	FX Rate	Net CNY Equivalent Amount (CNY million)
XS2331713102	5	Fixed	550.00	548.867	6.4902	3,562.26
Total						3,562.26

1. Selection of Key Performance Indicators

The Bank has selected the percentage of the Balance of Green Loans to Adjusted Gross Loans and Advance to Customers as the key performance indicator (KPI) in connection with the issuance of the Sustainability-Linked Bonds.

“Balance of Green Loans” is the line item with the corresponding caption of the Bank as of 31 December of each year in the Bank’s corporate social responsibility report as published annually on the website of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and as prepared by the Bank in accordance with, and recognised by CBIRC under, the Green Credit Statistics System.⁵

“Adjusted Gross Loans and Advances to Customers” means the line item with the caption “Gross Loans and Advances to Customers” in the notes to the published audited financial statements of the Bank as of 31 December of each year under the section entitled “Risk Management”, as audited by the Bank’s independent auditors in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and for references purposes only, as further adjusted to deduct the loans and advances to customers attributable to the Subsidiaries and the Bank’s branches located outside the PRC.

⁵ “Green Credit Statistics System” means the regulatory framework as set out in the Notice of the General Office of China Banking Regulatory Commission on the Submission of Green Credit Statistics Form (《中国银行业监督管理委员会关于报送绿色信贷统计表的通知》)(银监办发[2013]185号) and the Notice on the Submission of Green Credit Statistics Form 《关于报送绿色信贷统计表的通知》(银监统通[2014]60号) and the Notice on Work Related to Green Financing Statistics Rules (《中国银保监会办公厅关于绿色融资统计制度有关工作的通知关于绿色融资统计制度有关工作的通知》) issued by CBIRC as amended, novated, supplemented, restated or replaced by any other notices, directives or official interpretation as published by CBIRC from time to time.

Baseline Values:

	As at 31 December
	2017
Balance of Green Loans (RMB100 million) ¹	10,025
Adjusted Gross Loans and Advance to Customers (RMB100 million) ¹	117,599
Percentage of Balance of Green Loans to Adjusted Gross Loans and Advance to Customers	8.52%

2. Calibration of Sustainability Performance Targets

The Bank will calibrate selected sustainability performance targets (SPT) that are consistent with the Bank's sustainable development strategy, and provide plans for meeting the sustainability performance targets, relevant controls, critical factors and force majeure events.

The Bank's SPT in connection with the issuance of the Notes will be measured as a percentage of the Balance of Green Loans to Adjusted Gross Loans and Advance to Customers. The Bank's SPT will be of an amount equal to or higher than 10% by 31 December 2023, an increasing of 1.48 percentage points compared with the 2017 baseline.

3. Bond Characteristics

If the selected KPI for Notes has not been reached the predefined SPT, the Sustainability-Linked Bond's financial characteristics will change, then the coupon of the Sustainability-Linked Bond will step up by 25 bps with effect from (and including) the Interest Payment Date in October 2024 to (but excluding) the date of redemption of the Notes, provided that such increase in the interest rate may occur no more than once. If, following an increase in the interest rate after a Trigger Event, the Group achieves the Sustainability Performance Target and the Trigger Event is no longer continuing, the interest rate of the Notes will remain unchanged and, there will be not be any decrease to the interest rate of the Notes.

As of the end of 2023, the position of Key Performance Indicators is as follows:

	As at 31 December
	2023
Balance of Green Loans (RMB 100 million) ¹	38,829
Adjusted Gross Loans and Advance to Customers (RMB 100 million) ¹	230,571
Percentage of Balance of Green Loans to Adjusted Gross Loans and Advance to Customers	16.84%

As the selected KPI (16.84%) for Notes has been reached the predefined SPT(equal to or higher than 10% by 31 December 2023), the Sustainability-Linked Bond's financial characteristics will not change.



Appendix II: Sydney Branch's 2023 Biodiversity Themed Green Bond

On 23 May 2023 CCB Sydney Branch issued biodiversity themed green bond. As of 31 December 2025, all net proceeds of this bond have been utilized to fund 8 terrestrial and aquatic biodiversity conservation projects and 3 environmentally sustainable management of living natural resources and land resources projects.

Table II -1 Detailed Information

ISIN Code	Maturity (year)	Coupon Type	Amount (USD million)	Net Amount (USD million)	FX Rate	Net CNY Equivalent Amount (CNY million)
XS2623522930	3	Fixed	500.00	498.375	7.20	3,588.30

Table II -2 Proceeds Allocation in Terms of Category

Category	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Number of Projects	Proportion
Terrestrial and aquatic biodiversity conservation	2,352.30	8	65.55%
Environmentally sustainable management of living natural resources and land resources	1,236.00	3	34.45%
Total	3,588.30	11	100.00%

Table II -3 Proceeds Allocation in Terms of Location

Location	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Number of Projects	Proportion
Central China	1,938.23	7	54.01%
Southwest China	814.07	2	22.69%
Northern China	600.00	1	16.72%
Eastern China	236.00	1	6.58%
Total	3,588.30	11	100.00%

Table II -4 Environmental Impact

For the year ended 31 December 2025:

Category	Environmental Impact			
	Ecological scenic spots (million square meters)	Ecological forest (million square meters)	rehabilitating river (kilometers)	Afforestation construction (ten thousand square meters)
Terrestrial and aquatic biodiversity conservation	142.69		361.75	
Environmentally sustainable management of living natural resources and land resources	33.32	38,782.49		2,713.41

Example (Terrestrial and aquatic biodiversity conservation – ecological river rehabilitation)

This is an Ecological River Rehabilitation Project located in Central China. CCB’s loan accounted for approximately 44.54% of the total project investment, which involves rehabilitating 10.70 kilometers of river. The Ecological River Rehabilitation Project aims to boost water quality, maintain smooth water flow, improve water and soil conservation, and significantly enhance the richness and diversity of aquatic life.





Appendix III: DIFC Branch's 2023 Green Bond

On 22 November 2023 CCB DIFC Branch issued green bond. As of 31 December 2025, all net proceeds of this bond have been utilized to fund 3 clean transportation projects.

Table III -1 Detailed Information

ISIN Code	Maturity (year)	Coupon Type	Amount (USD million)	Net Amount (USD million)	FX Rate	Net CNY Equivalent Amount (CNY million)
XS2723153883	3	Floating	600.00	599.40	7.20	4,315.68

Table III -2 Proceeds Allocation in Terms of Category

Category	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Number of Projects	Proportion
Clean transportation	4,315.68	3	100.00%
Total	4,315.68	3	100.00%

Table III -3 Proceeds Allocation in Terms of Location

Location	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Number of Projects	Proportion
Eastern China	4,315.68	3	100.00%
Total	4,315.68	3	100.00%

Table III -4 Environmental Impact

For the year ended 31 December 2025:

Category	Environmental Impact
Clean transportation	GHG emissions reduced (CO ₂ tons)
	21,901.65

Example (clean transportation – metro project)

The metro project is located in Eastern China. The total length of the metro in operation is 37.30 km with 33 stations. The construction of project is completed. The capacity of this line is 138.85 million passengers a year. CCB's loan accounted for approximately 12.43% of the total project investment, which reduced carbon dioxide emission by 15,823.71 tons/year.





Appendix IV: Luxembourg Branch's 2023 Green Bond

On 22 November 2023 CCB Luxembourg Branch issued green bond. As of 31 December 2025, all net proceeds of this bond have been utilized to fund 3 clean transportation projects.

Table IV -1 Detailed Information

ISIN Code	Maturity (year)	Coupon Type	Amount (EUR million)	Net Amount (EUR million)	FX Rate	Net CNY Equivalent Amount (CNY million)
XS2723150517	3	Fixed	300.00	298.635	7.80	2,329.35

Table IV -2 Proceeds Allocation in Terms of Category

Category	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Number of Projects	Proportion
Clean transportation	2,329.35	3	100.00%
Total	2,329.35	3	100.00%

Table IV -3 Proceeds Allocation in Terms of Location

Location	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Number of Projects	Proportion
Southern China	1,213.80	1	52.11%
Eastern China	1,115.55	2	47.89%
Total	2,329.35	3	100.00%

Table IV -4 Environmental Impact

For the year ended 31 December 2025:

Category	Environmental Impact
Clean transportation	GHG emissions reduced (CO ₂ tons)
	47,614.74

Example (clean transportation – metro project)

The metro project is located in Southern China. The total length of the metro in operation is 8.43 km with 5 stations. The construction of the project is completed. The capacity of this line is 373.40 million passengers a year. CCB's loan accounted for approximately 11.94% of the total project investment, which reduced carbon dioxide emissions by 40,888.94 tons/year.





Appendix V: Hong Kong Branch's 2023 Green Bond

On 22 November 2023 CCB Hong Kong Branch issued green bond. As of 31 December 2025, all net proceeds of this bond have been utilized to fund 3 clean transportation projects.

Table V -1 Detailed Information

ISIN Code	Maturity (year)	Coupon Type	Amount (USD million)	Net Amount (USD million)	FX Rate	Net CNY Equivalent Amount (CNY million)
XS2723146325	3	Fixed	500.00	498.495	7.20	3,589.16

Table V -2 Proceeds Allocation in Terms of Category

Category	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Number of Projects	Proportion
Clean transportation	3,589.16	3	100.00%
Total	3,589.16	3	100.00%

Table V -3 Proceeds Allocation in Terms of Location

Location	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Number of Projects	Proportion
Eastern China	2,898.60	2	80.76%
Northern China	690.56	1	19.24%
Total	3,589.16	3	100.00%

Table V -4 Environmental Impact

For the year ended 31 December 2025:

Category	Environmental Impact
Clean transportation	GHG emissions reduced (CO ₂ tons)
	26,291.10

Example (clean transportation – metro project)

The metro project is located in Northern China. The total length of the metro in operation is 23.9 km with 20 stations. The construction of project is completed. The capacity of this line is 125.41 million passengers a year. CCB's loan accounted for approximately 3.99% of the total project investment, which reduced carbon dioxide emission by 4,586.06 tons/year.





Appendix VI: London Branch's 2024 Blue Bond

On 9 July 2024 CCB London Branch issued blue bond. As of 31 December 2025, all net proceeds of this bond have been utilized to fund 3 renewable energy projects.

Table VI -1 Detailed Information

ISIN Code	Maturity (year)	Coupon Type	Amount (CNY million)	Net Amount (CNY million)	FX Rate	Net CNY Equivalent Amount (CNY million)
XS2858459477	3	Fixed	2,000.00	1,998.00	1.00	1,998.00

Table VI -2 Proceeds Allocation in Terms of Category

Category	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Number of Projects	Proportion
Renewable Energy	1,998.00	3	100.00%
Total	1,998.00	3	100.00%

Table VI -3 Proceeds Allocation in Terms of Location

Location	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Number of Projects	Proportion
Eastern China	1,774.50	2	88.81%
Southern China	223.50	1	11.19%
Total	1,998.00	3	100.00%

Table VI -4 Environmental Impact

For the year ended 31 December 2025:

Category	Environmental Impact		
Renewable energy	Annual generation (MWh)	Renewable energy capacity added (MW)	Annual GHG emissions reduced (CO ₂ tons)
(Offshore wind power)	299,756.28	97.35	189,750.38

Example (renewable energy – offshore wind power)

The offshore wind power project is located in Eastern China, with total capacity of 400MW, consists of 67 wind turbines with per-turbine capacity of 6 MW. CCB's loan accounted for approximately 7.42% of the total project investment, which reduced carbon dioxide emission by 48,909 tons/year.





Appendix VII: Hong Kong Branch's 2024 Green Bond

On 9 July 2024 CCB Hong Kong Branch issued green bond. As of 31 December 2025, all net proceeds of this bond have been utilized to fund 10 renewable energy projects and 2 sustainable water and wastewater management projects.

Table VII -1 Detailed Information

ISIN Code	Maturity (year)	Coupon Type	Amount (USD million)	Net Amount (USD million)	FX Rate	Net CNY Equivalent Amount (CNY million)
HK0001037875	3	Floating	1,000.00	999.00	7.29	7,282.71
Total						7,282.71

Table VII -2 Proceeds Allocation in Terms of Category

Category	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Number of Projects	Proportion
Renewable energy	6,909.54	10	94.88%
Sustainable water and wastewater management	373.17	2	5.12%
Total	7,282.71	12	100.00%

Table VII -3 Proceeds Allocation in Terms of Location

Location	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Number of Projects	Proportion
Northwest China	2,612.80	3	35.88%
Eastern China	2,391.92	4	32.85%
Southern China	1,346.06	1	18.48%
Northern China	681.93	3	9.36%
Central China	250.00	1	3.43%
Total	7,282.71	12	100.00%

Table VII -4 Environmental Impact

For the year ended 31 December 2025:

Category	Environmental Impact		
	Annual generation (MWh)	Renewable energy capacity added (MW)	Annual GHG emissions reduced (CO ₂ tons)
Renewable energy (Wind&Photovoltaic Powery)	2,109,538.12	1,024.21	1,523,328.81
Sustainable water and wastewater management	Length of comprehensive river regulation (km)		River channel cleaning (m3)
	22.29		3,789,804.85

Example (renewable energy – offshore wind power)

The offshore wind power project is located in Southern China, with total capacity of 600MW, installing 25 wind turbines with per-turbine capacity of 8MW capacity and 40 wind turbines with per-turbine capacity of 10MW capacity. CCB's loan accounted for approximately 13.27% of the total project investment, which reduced carbon dioxide emission by 182,996 tons/year.





Appendix VIII: London Branch's 2025 Green Bond

On 4 September 2025 CCB London Branch issued green bond. As of 31 December 2025, all net proceeds of this bond have been utilized to fund 13 renewable energy projects, 2 clean transportation projects and 4 sustainable water and wastewater management projects.

Table VIII -1 Detailed Information

ISIN Code	Maturity (year)	Coupon Type	Currency	Amount (million)	Net Amount (CNY million)	FX Rate	Net CNY Equivalent Amount (CNY million)
XS3170555794	3	Floating	USD	1,000.00	999.00	7.1034	7,096.30
XS3170556768	5	Floating	USD	500.00	499.50	7.1034	3,548.15
HK0001186169	3	Fixed	CNY	2,000.00	1,998.00	1.00	1,998.00
Total							12,642.45

Table VIII -2 Proceeds Allocation in Terms of Category

Category	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Number of Projects	Proportion
Renewable Energy	6,751.33	13	53.40%
Clean transportation	4,175.70	2	33.03%
Sustainable water and wastewater management	1,715.42	4	13.57%
Total	12,642.45	19	100.00%

Table VIII -3 Proceeds Allocation in Terms of Location

Location	Allocated Amount (CNY million)	Number of Projects	Proportion
Southern China	5,363.73	7	42.43%
Northern China	3,623.07	6	28.66%
Northwest China	2,515.14	4	19.89%
Central China	1,140.51	2	9.02%
Total	12,642.45	19	100.00%

Table VIII -4 Environmental Impact

For the year ended 31 December 2025:

Category	Environmental Impact		
Renewable energy	Annual generation (MWh)	Renewable energy capacity added (MW)	Annual GHG emissions reduced (CO ₂ tons)
(Wind Power)	2,549,520.19	894.06	1,968,605.22
Sustainable water and wastewater management	Length of comprehensive river regulation (km)	Sewage treatment capacity (tons)	
	4.90	76,282,582.48	
Clean transportation	GHG emissions reduced (CO ₂ tons)		
	23,856.88		

Example (renewable energy – wind power)

The wind power project is located in Northern China. The wind power project, with total capacity of 2,000 MW, consists of 231 wind turbines with per-turbine capacity of 3.4 MW and 270 wind turbines with per-turbine capacity of 4.5 MW. CCB's loan accounted for approximately 10.22% of the total project investment, which reduced carbon dioxide emission by 490,643 tons/year.



Example (clean transportation – metro project)

The metro project is located in Southern China. The total length of the metro is 43.2 km with 32 stations, and the expecting capacity of this line is 462.46 million passengers/year in primary stage. This line is expected to reduce carbon dioxide emission by 229,956 tons/year. CCB's loan accounted for approximately 4.34% of the total project investment, which reduced carbon dioxide emission by 9,973 tons/year.

